## AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY APRIL 11, 2007

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2007–08 REGULAR SESSION

## ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 1264

## **Introduced by Assembly Member Eng**

February 23, 2007

An act to amend Section 68616 of the Government Code, relating to courts.

## LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 1264, as amended, Eng. Courts: delay reduction: complaints. status conferences.

The

(1) The Trial Court Delay Reduction Act requires the Judicial Council to adopt standards of timely disposition for the processing and disposition of civil and criminal actions. Existing law prohibits delay reduction rules from requiring a period for service of a complaint that is less than 60 days after filing or a period for conduct of a status conference or similar event that is less than 30 days after service of the first responsive pleadings or the expiration of a stipulated continuance, as specified. Existing law also prohibits delay reduction rules from requiring a period for referral of a case to arbitration that is less than 210 days after the filing of the complaint, as specified.

This bill would, instead, prohibit delay reduction rules from requiring a period for service of a complaint that is less than 90 days after filing. require the court, if it sets a hearing for an order to show cause as to the status of service, to consider a factual affidavit filed by plaintiff or counsel setting forth the status of efforts to serve the complaint, to continue the hearing for a reasonable period of time upon receipt of the affidavit, and to order the hearing to go off calendar if service is

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effected before the hearing. The bill would restrict the court from setting any status conference other than the initial case management conference and the pretrial status conference, unless the court determines that an additional conference is necessary in a particular case or the parties request a status conference. The bill also would prohibit the court from conducting a postmediation status conference if the parties have participated in mediation and the mediator files a notice of agreement or nonagreement at least 5 days before the hearing.

The bill would provide that, upon the filing of a notice of settlement, the parties shall have a reasonable time within which to conclude the settlement, and would require the court, if it sets a hearing concerning a dismissal, to accept a factual affidavit of a party or counsel for a party advising the court of the status of the settlement and the date by which a dismissal is expected to be filed, as specified.

(2) Existing law prohibits delay reduction rules from requiring the dismissal of unnamed defendants prior to the conclusion of the introduction of evidence at trial, except upon stipulation or motion of the parties.

This bill would likewise prohibit delay reduction rules from requiring the severance of unnamed defendants prior to the conclusion of the introduction of evidence at trial, except upon stipulation or motion of the parties.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: no. State-mandated local program: no.

*The people of the State of California do enact as follows:* 

- 1 SECTION 1. Section 68616 of the Government Code is 2 amended to read:
- 3 68616. Delay reduction rules shall not require shorter time 4 periods than as follows:
- 5 (a) Service of the complaint within 90 60 days after filing. Exceptions, for longer periods of time, (1) may be granted as 6 7 authorized by local rule and (2) shall be granted on a showing that 8 service could not reasonably be achieved within the time required with the exercise of due diligence consistent with the amount in
- controversy. If the court sets a hearing for an order to show cause 10
- 11 as to the status of service, the court shall consider a factual
- 12 affidavit filed by plaintiff or counsel setting forth the status of
- 13 efforts to serve the complaint. Upon receipt of the affidavit in lieu

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of a hearing, the court shall continue the hearing for a reasonable period of time and shall order the hearing to go off calendar if service is effected before the hearing, with proof of service filed with the court.

- (b) Service of responsive pleadings within 30 days after service of the complaint. The parties may stipulate to an additional 15 days. Exceptions, for longer periods of time, may be granted as authorized by local rule.
- (c) Time for service of notice or other paper under Sections 1005 and 1013 of the Code of Civil Procedure and time to plead after service of summons under Section 412.20 of the Code of Civil Procedure shall not be shortened except as provided in those sections.
- (d) Within 30 days of service of the responsive pleadings, the parties may, by stipulation filed with the court, agree to a single continuance not to exceed 30 days.

It is the intent of the Legislature that these stipulations not detract from the efforts of the courts to comply with standards of timely disposition. To this extent, the Judicial Council shall develop statistics that distinguish between cases involving, and not involving, these stipulations.

- (e) No status conference, or similar event, other than a challenge to the jurisdiction of the court, may be required to be conducted sooner than 30 days after service of the first responsive pleadings, or no sooner than 30 days after expiration of a stipulated continuance, if any, pursuant to subdivision (d). The initial case management conference and the pretrial status conference shall be the only status conferences set by the court unless the court determines that an additional conference is necessary in a particular case or a status conference is requested by the parties.
- (f) Title 4 (commencing with Section 2016.010) of Part 4 of the Code of Civil Procedure shall govern discovery, except in arbitration proceedings.
- (g) No case may be referred to arbitration prior to 210 days after the filing of the complaint, exclusive of the stipulated period provided for in subdivision (d). No rule adopted pursuant to this article may contravene Sections 638 and 639 of the Code of Civil Procedure. The court shall not conduct a postmediation status conference if the parties have participated in mediation and the

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1 mediator files a notice of agreement or nonagreement at least five
2 days before the hearing.

- (h) Unnamed (DOE) defendants shall not be dismissed *or severed* prior to the conclusion of the introduction of evidence at trial, except upon stipulation or motion of the parties.
- (i) Upon the filing of a notice of settlement, the parties shall have a reasonable time within which to conclude the settlement. If the court sets a hearing concerning a dismissal, the court shall accept a factual affidavit of a party or counsel for a party advising the court of the status of the settlement and the date by which a dismissal is expected to be filed. The court shall continue any hearing to allow the parties the additional time required to complete the settlement. If the settlement is conditioned upon court approval, the court shall not set an order to show cause hearing prior to the hearing to approve the settlement, provided the appropriate papers to seek court approval have been filed.

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(*j*) Notwithstanding Section 170.6 of the Code of Civil Procedure, in direct calendar courts, challenges pursuant to that section shall be exercised within 15 days of the party's first appearance. Master calendar courts shall be governed solely by Section 170.6 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

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(k) This section applies to all cases subject to this article which are filed on or after January 1, 1991.

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(1) This section shall become operative on January 1, 2004.